

Transfer/Discharge Criteria

It is appropriate to transfer or discharge the patient from the present level of care if he or she meets the following criteria:

- A. The patient has achieved the goals articulated in his or her individualized treatment plan, thus resolving the problem(s) that justified admission to the present level of care. Continuing the chronic disease management of the patients condition at a less intensive level of care is indicated;

OR

- B. The patient has been unable to resolve the problem(s) that justified admission to the present level of care, despite amendments to the treatment plan. The patient is determined to have achieved the maximum possible benefit from engagement in services at the current level of care. Treatment at another level of care (more or less intensive) in the same type of service, or discharge from treatment is therefore indicated;

OR

- C. The patient has demonstrated a lack of capacity due to diagnostic or co-occurring conditions that limit his or her ability to resolve his or her problems. Treatment at a qualitatively different level of care or type of service, or discharge from treatment, is therefore indicated;

OR

- D. The patient has experienced an intensification of his or her problem(s), or has developed a new problem(s) and can be treated effectively at a more intensive level of care.