

# Tobacco and Vaping

Among Manchester High School Students

COMPARED TO HIGH SCHOOL STUDENTS WHO REPORTED NOT SMOKING OR VAPING IN THE PAST 30 DAYS...

Manchester students who report current **SMOKING** have up to:



**141x**

greater odds\* of reporting drinking alcohol daily.



**44x**

greater odds of reporting frequent binge drinking.



**13x**

greater odds of reporting heavy marijuana use.

**SMOKING AND VAPING ARE LINKED TO INCREASED SUBSTANCE USE IN TEENS.**



Manchester students who report current **VAPING** have up to:



**5.7x**

greater odds of reporting drinking alcohol daily.



**6.2x**

greater odds of reporting frequent binge drinking.



**17x**

greater odds of reporting heavy marijuana use.

\*Odds are frequently used in medical and epidemiological studies to measure the degree and strength of risk factors.

Source: CDC. Youth Risk Behavior Surveillance – United States, 2019. *MMWR* 2019; 69(SS-01).  
CDC. Youth Risk Behavior Surveillance – United States, 2017. *MMWR* 2017; 67(SS-8).

National research has identified associations between depression and tobacco or nicotine use.

Students who reported **being bullied** in the last year had **2.6x** greater odds of reporting vaping than students who weren't bullied.

Students who reported **attempting suicide** in the last year had nearly **12x** greater odds of reporting smoking more than a pack a day than students who reported no attempts at suicide.

Preventing youth retail access to tobacco and vaping products is key to reducing youth use. In 2022, 18.8% of all inspected retailers in NH—and 20% of retailers in Hillsborough County—sold tobacco and/or vape products to youth.

**MAKIN' IT** Happen

Source: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. *Preventing Tobacco Use Among Youth and Young Adults: A Report of the Surgeon General*. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, 2012.



# TOBACCO SALES TO MINORS

in Manchester

